

DP03

SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject 1	ZCTA5 62201				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of	
EMPLOYMENT STATUS		1. 1. 2. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.		Error	
Population 16 years and over	4,442	+/-430	4,442	(X)	
In labor force	2,282	+/-361	51.4%	+/-6.4	
Civilian labor force	2,282	+/-361	51,4%	+/-6.4	
Employed	2,127	+/-334	47.9%	+/-6.1	
Unemployed	155	+/-87	3.5%	+/-1.9	
Armed Forces	0	+/-16	0.0%	+/-0.7	
Not in labor force	2,160	+/-352	48.6%	+/-6.4	
Civilian labor force	2,282	;+/-361	2,282	(X)	
Percent Unemployed	(X)	(X)	6.8%	+/-3.5	
Females 16 years and over	2,722	+/-275	2,722	(X)	
In labor force	1,185	+/-246	43.5%	+/-7.7	
Civilian labor force	1,185	+/-246	43.5%	+/-7.7	
Employed	1,123	+/-241	41.3%	+/-7.7	
Own children under 6 years	1,407	+/-400	1,407	(X)	
All parents in family in labor force	714	+/-281	50.7%	+/-14.6	
	h Mi Wi				
Own children 6 to 17 years	1,406	+/-341	1,406	(X)	
All parents in family in labor force	720	+/-213	51.2%	+/-12.7	
COMMUTING TO WORK					
Workers 16 years and over	2,036	+/-324	2,036	(X)	
Car, truck, or van drove alone	1,317	+/-215	64.7%	+/-7.7	
Car, truck, or van carpooled	330	+/-123	16.2%	+/-5.4	
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	189	+/-119	9.3%	+/-5.2	
Walked	68	+/-64	3.3%	+/-2.9	
Other means	4	+/-7	0.2%	+/-0.3	
Worked at home	128	+/-71	6.3%	+/-3.3	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	24.3	+/-2.6	(X)	(X)	
		100			
OCCUPATION					
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,127	+/-334	2,127	(X)	

Subject	Estimate	Margin of Error	62201 Percent	Percent Margin c
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Error
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	268	+/-100	12.6%	+/-4.6
Service occupations	714	+/-187	33.6%	+/-6.8
Sales and office occupations	454	+/-151	21.3%	+/-5.8
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	224	+/-76	10.5%	+/-3.7
ccupations Production, transportation, and material moving	467	./.40.4	00.00/	1.40
ccupations	467	+/-134	22.0%	+/-4.8
			To Participal Control of the Control	
NDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,127	+/-334	2,127	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	44	+/-42	2.1%	+/-2.0
Construction	113	+/-62	5.3%	+/-3.0
Manufacturing	210	+/-73	9.9%	+/-3.4
Wholesale trade	114	+/-54	5.4%	+/-2.5
Retail trade	167	+/-94	7.9%	+/-4.2
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	156	+/-93	7.3%	+/-4.1
Information	8	+/-12	0.4%	+/-0.6
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and	39	+/-37	1.8%	
easing				
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	154	+/-65	7.2%	+/-3.1
Educational services, and health care and social	431	+/-153	20.3%	+/-5.5
essistance Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and	397	+/-151	10 70/	+/-6.0
accommodation and food services	397	+/-151	18.7%	T/-0.0
Other services, except public administration	147	+/-68	6.9%	+/-3.1
Public administration	147	+/-73	6.9%	+/-3.2
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,127	+/-334	2,127	(X
Private wage and salary workers	1,766	+/-287	83.0%	+/-5.6
Government workers	296	+/-120	13.9%	+/-5.0
Self-employed in own not incorporated business	65	+/-55	3.1%	+/-2.4
vorkers			0.,70	i
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-16	0.0%	\$= +/-1.2
NCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2012 INFLATION-		700g:0-2000		ili Nasaninganggananga
ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	2,620	+/-253	2,620	(X
Less than \$10,000	991	+/-235	37.8%	+/-7.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	253	+/-97	9.7%	+/-3.
\$15,000 to \$24,999	448	+/-150	17.1%	+/-5.9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	323	+/-124	12.3%	+/-4.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	202	+/-73	7.7%	+/-2.8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	302	+/-102	11.5%	+/-3.
\$75,000 to \$99,999	47	+/-27	1.8%	+/-1.0
\$100,000 to \$149,999	53	+/-32	2.0%	+/-1.2
\$150,000 to \$199,999	lista itku 0	+/-16	0.0%	+/-1.
\$200,000 or more	1	+/-4	0.0%	+/-0.2
Median household income (dollars)	16,684	+/-3,928	(X)	(X
Mean household income (dollars)	24,038	+/-2,664	(X)	
		1 50 11 11 11 11 11	The Hall	i de la composición de la composición La composición de la
With earnings	1,537	+/-200	58.7%	
Mean earnings (dollars)	30,566	+/-3,186	(X)	
With Social Security	538	+/-116	20.5%	
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	12,223	+/-1,362	(X)	The state of the s
With retirement income	206	+/-68	7.9%	
Mean retirement income (dollars)	19,085	CALL TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	(X)	
THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		1	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	A No.
With Supplemental Security Income	356	+J-132	13.6%	+/-4,
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,876	and the second s	(X)	- Latina - Latina - State of the Latina
11	1,570	.,,,	1. (70)	

Subject	62201			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin o
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	4,139	+/-2,088	(X)	Error (X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	1,245	+/-206	47.5%	+/-6.0
Families	1,548	+/-235	1,548	(X)
Less than \$10,000	515	+/-187	33.3%	+/-9.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	159	+/-82	10.3%	+/-5.2
\$15,000 to \$24,999	241	+/-102	15.6%	+/-6.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	212	+/-100	13.7%	+/-6.3
\$35,000 to \$49,999	132	+/-56	8.5%	+/-3.8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	203	+/-72	13.1%	+/-4.5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	47	+/-27	3.0%	+/-1.5
\$100,000 to \$149,999	38	+/-25	2.5%	+/-1.6
\$150,000 to \$199,999	0	+/-16	0.0%	+/-1.9
\$200,000 or more	1	+/-4	0.1%	+/-0.3
Median family income (dollars)	19,655	+/-3,415	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	26,329	+/-3,520	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	9,302	+/-1,284	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	1,072	+/-242	1,072	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	13,607	+/-5,531	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	18,538	+/-2,864	(X)	(X)
Afternoon and the second of th				. L L
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	17,942	+/-1,993	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers dollars)	25,542	+/-2,824	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	20,689	+/-3,713	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE			gan e	
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	7,205	+/-831	7,205	(X)
With health insurance coverage	5,714	+/-725	79.3%	(^) +/-4.1
With private health insurance	1,622	+/-363	22.5%	+/-5.3
With public coverage	4,496	+/-708	62.4%	+/-5.4
No health insurance coverage	1,491	+/-336	20.7%	+/-4.1
	Programme Assessment			
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	2,857	+/-590	2,857	(X)
No health insurance coverage	117	+/-70	4.1%	+/-2.5
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	3,762	+/-433	3,762)
		in the second		The Year
In labor force:	2,164	+/-347	2,164	(X)
Employed:	2,017	+/-320	2,017	
With health insurance coverage	1,204	+/-198	59.7%	+/-7.6
With private health insurance	758	+/-168	37.6%	
With public coverage	476	+/-138	23.6%	+/-5.8
No health insurance coverage	813	+/-230	40.3%	habitati i i initational ili initationa e territoria.
Unemployed:	147	+/-87	147	(X)
With health insurance coverage	116	+/-84	78.9%	ATAMATAN MINERAL SIL
With private health insurance	68	+/-70	46.3%	
With public coverage No health insurance coverage	55	+/-48	37.4%	
AND	31	+/-29	21.1%	
Not in labor force:	1,598	+/-319	1,598	
Mith health incurance covereds	1,068	+/-264	66.8%	Control of the Contro
With health insurance coverage				rangarinan di respirita di distributa di 🕰 🖊 🧲 🦸
With private health insurance	273	+/-105	17.1%	Control of the Control of the State State State Control of the Con
	273 871 530	+/-105 +/-232 +/-214	54.5% 33.2%	+/-10.5

Subject	ZCTA5 62201			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL		. First		
All families	(X)	(X)	53.2%	+/-8.2
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	66.2%	+/-9.6
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	72.6%	+/-16.9
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	25.6%	+/-11.6
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	44.2%	+/-17.2
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	46.4%	+/-52.5
Families with female householder, no husband present	(X)	(X)	66.2%	+/-10.1
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	75.9%	+/-10.7
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	(X)	74.3%	+/-19.7
		The second second	2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
All people	(X)	(X)	54.4%	+/-7.4
Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	72.5%	+/-9.6
Related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	72.5%	+/-9.6
Related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	77.6%	+/-10.0
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	69.0%	+/-11.1
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	42.5%	+/-6.5
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	44.0%	+/-6.9
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	32.8%	+/-10.2
People in families	(X)	(X)	55.1%	+/-8.3
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	51.0%	+/-10.3

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

While the 2008-2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008-2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An *** entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

- 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 5. An '*** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
 6. An '**** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample pages in the page.
- sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.